## CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY (ONE MARK QUESTIONS)

## CLASS X (BASIC & STANDARD)

2. Find the value of k if P (4, -2) is the mid-point of the line segment joining the points A (5k, 3) and

c)(1,0)

c)

3. Find the point on y-axis which is equidistant from the points (5, -2) and (-3, 2).

BC is\_\_\_.
a) (1, 2)

B (-k, -7). a) -2

a = -2

b)(2,1)

b)

4. Distance of the point (2,-4) from the origin is \_\_\_\_\_.

1. Coordinates of the vertices of a triangle are A (-2, 2), B (0, 4) and C (4,-2) then the midpoint of the side

d)(-1,3)

d) 1

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| 5.  | a) $2\sqrt{5}$ b) 4 c) $\sqrt{2}$ d) $2\sqrt{2}$<br>If the opposite angular points of a square are (4,3) and (-2,-3) then the side of the square is<br>a) 6 b) $6\sqrt{2}$ c) $\sqrt{6}$ d) none   |
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| 6.  | End points of a diameter of a circle are $(2, 3)$ and $(5, 6)$ . Its centre is a) $(7, 9)$ b) $(2,1)$ c) $\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{9}{2}\right)$ d) $(-3,-3)$  |
| 7.  | If the points (-1,-1); (0, 0) and (2, k) are collinear then the value of k is a) -3 b) 3 c) 2 d) none  |
| 8.  | The ratio in which the x-axis divides the line joining (4, 8) and (3,-5) is a) 5:7 b) 8:3 c) 8:5 d) none   |
|     | What point on the <i>x</i> -axis is equidistant from (7, 6) and (-3, 4)?  a) (3, 0). b) (8, 0) c) (4,0) d) (-3, 0)  If the points A (4, 3) and B ( <i>x</i> , 5) are on the circle with the centre O (2, 3), find the value of <i>x</i> .  a) 5 b) 3 c) 2 d) 4   |
|     | The centre of a circle is $(2x-1,7)$ and it passes through the point $(-3,-1)$ . If the diameter of the circle is 20 units, then find the value of x.<br>a) $-4$ , 2 b) $-4$ , 3 c) 4, $-2$ d) $-4$ , $-2$<br>If the mid-point of the line segment joining the points P $(6, b-2)$ and Q $(-2, 4)$ is $(2, -3)$ , find the value |
| 13. | of $b$ .  (a) $-8$ (b) $8$ (c) $-6$ (d) $-12$ If P (1, 2), Q (4, 6), R (5, 7) and S ( $a$ , $b$ ) are the vertices of a parallelogram PQRS then find the value of $a$ and $b$ .  |
|     | a) $a = 2$ and $b = -3$ b) $a = 2$ and $b = 3$ c) $a = -2$ and $b = 3$ d) $a = -2$ and $b = -3$  |
|     | Find the ratio in which line formed by joining $(-1, 1)$ and $(5, 7)$ is divided by the line $x + y = 4$ .  ANS: 1:2.  If the point C $(-1, 2)$ divides the line segment AB in the ratio 3:4, where the coordinates of A are $(2, 5)$ ,  |
| 16. | find the coordinates of B.  ANS: $(-5, -2)$ .  The line segment joining the points A $(2, 1)$ and B $(5, -8)$ is trisected at the points P and Q such that P is nearer to A. If P also lies on the line given by $2x - y + k = 0$ , find the value of $k$ .  ANS: $k = -8$   |

- 17. If C is a point lying on the line segment AB joining A(1, 1) and B(2, -3) such that 3AC = CB, then find the coordinates of C.

  ANS:  $\left(\frac{5}{4}, 0\right)$
- 18. The coordinates of the mid-point of the line joining the points (3p, 4) and (-2, 2q) are (5, p). Find the values of p and q.

ANS: p = 4 and q = 2

19. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining (2, -3) and (5, 6) is divided by x-axis.

ANS: 2:1 internally

- 20. Point A is on the y-axis at a distance of 4 units from the origin. If coordinates of point B are (-3, 0) then find the length of AB.

  ANS: 5 units
- 21. Find the point on x-axis which is equidistant from the points (2, -5) and (-2, 9). ANS: a = -7
- 22. Find the points on the x-axis which are at a distance of  $2\sqrt{5}$  from the point (7, -4). How many such points are there? ANS: (9, 0) and (5, 0).
- 23. The centre of a circle is (2a, a-7). Find the values of a if the circle passes through the point (11, -9) and has diameter  $10\sqrt{2}$  units.

  ANS: a = 5, 3
- 24. Find the perimeter of the triangle with vertices (0, 4), (0, 0) and (3, 0).

ANS: 12 units.

25. Find the ratio in which the y-axis divides the line segment joining the points (5, -6) and (-1, -4).

ANS: 5 : 1.

26. If  $\left(\frac{a}{2}, 4\right)$ , is the mid-point of the line segment joining the points A (-6, 5) and B (-2, 3) then find the value of a.

ANS: a = -8

- 27. Find the fourth vertex of a rectangle whose three vertices taken in order are (4, 1), (7, 4) and (13, -2). ANS: D(10, -5).
- 28. If origin is the mid-point of the line segment joined by the points (2, 3) and (x, y) then find the value of (x, y). ANS: x = -2 y = -3.
- 29. If (-2, -1); (a, 0); (4, b) and (1, 2) are the vertices of a parallelogram, find the values of a and b.

ANS: a = 1; b = 3

30. In what ratio does the line x - y - 2 = 0 divide the line segment joining (3, -1) and (8, 9)?

ANS: 2:3.

31. If the line 3x + 4y = 24 cuts the x-axis at A and y-axis at B, then find the area of AOB.

ANS: 24 sq. units

32. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points (6, 4) and (1, -7) is divided by *x*-axis

ANS: 4:7.

33. Determine k, so that the following points are collinear: (2, 3), (k, 6) and (3, 2).

ANS: k = -1

- 34. Point P divides the line segment joining the points A (2, -5) and B (5, 2) in the ratio 2: 3. Name the quadrant in which P lies.
- 35. The coordinates of one end point of a diameter of a circle are (4, -1) and the coordinates of the centre are (1, -3). Find the coordinates of the other end of the diameter.
- 36. The centre of a circle is (2a +3, 2a -1). Find the value of a if the circle passes through the point (11, 9) and has a diameter of length 20 units.